

Parents' Guide to Grade 6 - Archdiocesan Religion Curriculum Guide

The witness of Christian life given by parents in the family comes to children with tenderness and parental respect....It is deepened all the more when parents comment on the more methodical catechesis which their children later receive in the Christian community and help them to appropriate it. (GDC, no. 226 and CT, no. 68)

What exactly is this guide Forming Disciples for the New Evangelization?

 A document that clearly states what participants in Catholic faith community religious education programs must know, understand, and do at each grade level

What is the aim of this guide?

- The primary aim of this guide is to support integrated planning and preparations across all sectors of the church, including Catholic faith communities and families. This will be done as a part of a diocesan-wide effort to strengthen the teaching of the faith for adults, youth, and children. It is directed toward the need to prepare the whole church (not just children) to overcome the current epidemic of ignorance and doubt about the faith.
- These guidelines focus on the need for mutual collaboration, communication and consultation. They strive to clarify the rolls, responsibilities and mutual accountabilities needed by priests, lay catechetical leaders and all who assist in efforts to put adults, youth and children into communion and intimacy with Jesus Christ through life-long catechesis in and through the Catholic Church. These guidelines are focused to help all of Catholic faith communities as they both revise and plan their future catechetical efforts. Although this guide focuses on the formation of children, these standards will also provide a framework for future efforts in the faith formation of youth and young adults.

How is it organized?

Forming Disciples for the New Evangelization is organized around the Six Key Elements of a lived Catholic faith while always remembering that the context for catechesis is evangelization. The six key elements of a Catholic faith life are: Knowledge of the faith; Liturgical and Sacraments; Morality; Prayer; Education for Living in the Christian Community; Evangelization and Apostolic Life. These are also known as the six tasks of Catechesis.

For Each Element

 There are standards or broad headings. All these standards should be covered in every program for adults, youth and children.

For Each Standard

- Each standard in turn has age appropriate indicators or knowledge, skills or behavior.
- These indicators should drive instruction and guide or focus use of any text or resources.

How are the indicators formatted?

- Core items that must be covered in all Catholic faith community programs are in bold print.
- Enrichment items that are optional and can be covered if there is time are in italics.

What is meant by words being underlined?

Underlining means this is a vocabulary word to know. These words and their definitions are found online as Appendix 3:
 Alphabetical Glossary. When a simpler age appropriate definition is needed it is within the indicator itself.

Full texts of the prayers and practices for Catholics to teach your child are found online as *Appendix 2: Key Practices and Prayers for Catholics*.



Parents' Guide to Grade 6 - Archdiocesan Religion Curriculum Guide

Key Element I: Knowledge of the Faith

- What We Believe

"Sacred Scripture has a preeminent position in catechesis because Sacred Scripture "presents God's own Word in unalterable form" and "makes the voice of the Holy Spirit resound again and again in the words of the prophets and apostles." The Catechism of the Catholic Church is intended to complement Sacred Scripture. Together with Sacred Tradition, Sacred Scripture constitutes the supreme rule of faith." (NDC no. 24)

At-Home Ideas:

At the intermediate elementary level, these are things you can do as a family to strengthen the teaching of the Knowledge of the Faith in your home: The willingness of parents to grow in their understanding of faith issues models for their children the belief that growth in faith is a lifelong process. Parents seek opportunities to share their faith with other adults as well as with their children. Parents take the time necessary to answer informal faith questions as they arise or research unknown answers with the child, using Scripture or the Catechism of the Catholic Church when appropriate. Families actively participate the life of the Catholic faith community.

Sta	andard 1 CREED: Understand, believe and proclaim the Triune and redeeming God as
	ealed in creation and human experience, in Apostolic Tradition and Sacred Scripture, and as
ent	rusted to the teaching office of the Church.
	Show understanding of the actions of a <u>Trinitarian God</u> as revealed in Scripture and
	Tradition and stated in the Creed.
	Describe God as the creator of the universe and as the creator of humanity.
	Describe the fall and the sinfulness of humanity as Original Sin, a reality of human existence.
	State how God shows deep love and care for humankind regardless of our sinfulness.
	Show understanding that God gives human beings free will to love and serve him out of
	free choice.
	Describe how in God's <u>providence</u> all people are destined for union with him.
	Show understanding that God communicates with people revealing his plan for us.
	Explain that we will be raised after death into eternal union with God (<u>heaven</u>) or separation from him (<u>hell</u>).
	State the meaning of <u>Incarnation</u> , a mystery of our faith.
Standard 2 SACRED SCRIPTURE : Read, comprehend and articulate salvation history as conveyed in God's revelation through Sacred Scripture.	
	Show familiarity with the role of the <u>patriarchs</u> in the unfolding of God's revelation to his people.
	Trace the unfolding of God's revelation through the history of the Chosen People of
	Israel.
	Describe the events of the Book of Exodus and its significance in the history of the
	Chosen People of Israel.
	Show understanding of redemption and salvation through the revelation of God's Word
	in Sacred Scripture.
	Show understanding of how God made covenants with the Chosen People as a sign of
	his faithfulness.
	Identify God's name YAHWEH in the Book of Exodus.



Parents' Guide to Grade 6 - Archdiocesan Religion Curriculum Guide

	State the significance of the Ark of the Covenant in the difficult journey of the Israelites through the desert.
	State the meaning of monotheism and its connection to the Jewish understanding of God.
	Show understanding of the connection between God's covenant and the entry into the Promised Land.
	State the role of the judges in the Old Testament.
	State the role of Samuel in the choice of the first kings of Israel.
	Identify the major prophets of the Old Testament and their role in the history of Israel.
	(Isaiah, Jeremiah, Ezekiel and Daniel)
	Identify the Gospel of Matthew as a synoptic Gospel containing most of the Gospel of
	Mark, along with other material.
	Describe the beginning of Jesus' ministry in Capernaum, the call of the first disciples and the beginning of his ministry. (Mt 4:12-25)
	State how Jesus challenges his disciples to be salt and light. (Mt 5:13-16)
	State how Matthew 15 - 20 uses conflict to enhance the difference between Jesus'
	understanding of his ministry and the Jewish leaders' and the disciples' understanding. State the heightening conflict between Jesus' use of authority and the Jewish leaders' use
	in Matthew 21-25 through the use of events and predictions.
	Show understanding that the use of conflict in the story of Jesus' death creates
	opportunities for understanding Jesus' true identity in Matthew 26-27.
	State the importance of Matthew's use of the Old Testament as a prefiguring device.
	y Element II: Liturgy and Sacraments How We Celebrate
faitl her	aith and worship are as closely related to one another as they were in the early Church: In gathers the community for worship, and worship renews the faith of the community In Liturgy, the Church celebrates what she professes and lives above all the Paschal Mystery, which Christ accomplished the work of our salvation." (NDC no. 32)
At-	Home Ideas:
Sac regu exp and	this level, these are things you can do as a family to strengthen the teaching of the Liturgy and traments in your home: Parents help to deepen their children's understanding of sacraments by alar and active participation in sacramental celebrations followed by conversation about the erience. Participation in communal celebrations of the Sacrament of penance and reconciliation other opportunities for reconciliation and weekly Sunday liturgy are particularly important for intermediate child and his or her family.
	ndard 3 SACRAMENTS: Understand and participate in the sacraments of the Church as
_	ective signs of God's grace, instituted by Christ and entrusted to the Church.
	Describe the sacraments as <u>efficacious</u> signs of God's <u>grace</u> .
	Describe each of the seven sacraments as <u>instituted</u> by Christ with references from Sacred Scripture.
	Explain how the seven sacraments are entrusted to the Church and accompany a person
	from life to death.
	State the sacraments that have an <u>indelible character</u> and describe elements of this
_	character.

☐ Describe meaning of <u>sacramental</u> and give examples.



Forming Disciples for the New Evangelization Parents' Guide to Grade 6 - Archdiocesan Religion Curriculum Guide

in the	dard 4 LITURGY: Understand and celebrate the liturgical rites of the Church as expressed eliturgy year and epitomized in the Eucharist as the source and summit of Christian life. dentify the functions of ordained and non-ordained ministers at Mass and explain the lifference in roles.
	dentify Scripture readings for Sundays in the liturgical year and trace the life of Christ hrough these readings.
	Name all of the holy days of obligation in the United States. Describe and practice how Sacred Scripture is to be read during Mass.
Key .	Element III: Morality - How We Live
aban	ist is the norm of morality.' Christian morality consists in following Jesus Christ, in doning oneself to him, in letting oneself be transformed by his grace and renewed s mercy, gifts which come to us in the living communion of his Church." (NDC no.
At-H	ome Ideas:
the te throu comm respo whole	ne intermediate elementary level, these are things you can do as a family to strengthen eaching of Morality in your home: Parents help their children learn to make right choices ugh dialogue about routine decisions. Respect and appreciation for ourselves and others are nunicated when parents show respect and appreciation for their children. Participation in the ensibilities of family life teaches intermediate students the value of Christian service and a resome moral life. It can not be emphasized enough, that good moral and apostolic actions by arents teach children how to act.
Stan	dard 5 Conscience: Develop a moral conscience informed by church teachings.
\Box E	Describe and define the <u>covenant</u> God established with his people. Explain that we receive wisdom and understanding from God's Spirit in the Church which helps us to know how o act.
	Relate living a Christ-like life with keeping God's covenant.
	dentify that we learn how to live good lives through the teachings of Scripture. tate how Original Sin makes Christian living more difficult, but that Christ overcame in and also helps us to do so.
	dentify scriptural examples of being called to be faithful to the love, justice and mercy of God's reign (Rom 5:20, Jn 3:17).
	Define the three sources of a moral act (object, intention, and circumstances).
life o	dard 6 Christian Living: Understand and live the moral teachings of the Church through a f discipleship in Jesus Christ expressed in love for God, conversion, positive self-image, and integrity, social justice, the dignity of the human person and love of neighbor.
\Box S	show understanding that Christian living is the gift of active discipleship in Jesus Christ.
	tate the meaning of <u>natural law</u> and give examples.
\square S	Recognize that the state must protect the rights of its citizens through socially just laws. state that we are obligated to keep promises, oaths, contracts and covenants (such as narriage).
	Compare and contrast contract and covenant.



Parents' Guide to Grade 6 - Archdiocesan Religion Curriculum Guide

	Show understanding that the Christian virtues of purity of heart and chastity help us to respect others.
	State how the family is the foundation of human society.
	Show an understanding that we have a responsibility to work for the <u>common good</u> of society, and illustrate ways that we each can work for the common good.
	Understand that in Baptism we are all made brothers and sisters in Christ, and give examples of how the varied ethnic cultures make significant contributions to the Church.
	Compare/contrast free will and freedom.
	Illustrate how, like the prophets, we are called to speak out against injustice and suffering
•	y Element IV: Prayer How We Pray
init Spi	God tirelessly calls each person to that mysterious encounter known as prayer" (CCC no. 1075). His initiative comes first; the human response to his initiative is itself prompted by the grace of the Holy rit In prayer, the Holy Spirit not only reveals the identity of the Triune God to human persons but to reveals the identity of human persons to themselves. (NDC no. 34)
At-	Home Ideas:
you see enr	this age, these are things you can do as a family to strengthen the teaching of Prayer in ar home: Parents speak most clearly about the importance of prayer in life when their children them pray. Your example speaks volumes that words can not match. The prayer life of children is iched by praying at home and at regular Catholic faith community celebrations of liturgy and raments.
	ndard 7 PRAYER: Know and participate in the Catholic tradition of prayer and acknowledge
_	yer as the primary way we deepen our knowledge of God in the community.
	Identify <u>psalms</u> as prayers found in the <u>Old Testament</u> that Jesus liked to pray.
	Recognize the <u>Eucharistic Liturgy</u> as the community's central act of worship.
	Identify the elements of the Lord's Prayer.
	Recognize that the prayer of Christians is grounded in the Word of God in Scripture and
	<u>Tradition</u> . Identify the <u>Gospels</u> , <u>wisdom books</u> and other books in Sacred Scripture as helpful for
	meditative prayer.
	Identify and list the four types of mysteries of the Rosary (Joyful, Mysteries of
	Light [Luminous], Sorrowful, and Glorious).
	Identify and define the five types of prayer: blessing, adoration, petition,
	intercession, thanksgiving and praise.
	Participate in the church community's celebration of the Mass, especially on
	Sunday.
	ase note that the full texts of the prayers and practices for Catholics to teach your child are found online as Appendix 2 EX PRACTICES AND PRAYERS FOR CATHOLICS.



Parents' Guide to Grade 6 - Archdiocesan Religion Curriculum Guide

Key Element V: Education for Living in the Christian Community

- How We Live in the Community, the Church

"We were created as social beings who find fulfillment only in love – for God and for our neighbor. If we are truly to gaze upon him who is the source of our joy, we need to do so as members of the people of God (cf. Spe Salvi no. 14). If this seems counter-cultural, that is simply further evidence of the urgent need for a renewed evangelization of culture." (Benedict XVI – 16 April 2008 at the Basilica of the National Shrine of the Immaculate Conception)"

At-Home Ideas:

At the intermediate elementary level, these are things you can do as a family to strengthen the teaching of **Education for Living in the Christian Community** in your home: Children are now capable of taking on more responsibility and ownership of their faith life while still needing clear guidance from parents. Allowing children to participate more fully in the life of the Catholic faith community and highlighting the ways that they live a virtuous life to them helps them to realize that they are blessed by God with gifts and talents to share with others in the community.

Sta	andard 8 CATHOLIC CHURCH: Understand and appreciate the mystery of the Church, the
Boo	dy of Christ, the community of believers, as expressed in the Church's origin, mission of
eva	ngelization, hierarchical structure, marks, charisms, members and the communion of saints.
	Realize that the mission of Christ and the Holy Spirit is brought to completion in the
	Church, which is the Body of Christ; the Church, guided by the Holy Spirit, continues
	Christ's saving work, especially through the Sacraments.
	Discuss the Church's visible bonds of unity: one origin, one baptism, and an unbroken
	line of apostolic succession beginning with Peter.
	Explain and celebrate the Pope as the leader of the Catholic Church throughout the world.
	Relate that the Church is a community of God's people called to continual reform and renewal.
	Describe the Magisterium as the teaching office of the bishops in communion with the Pope.
	State evangelization as central to the mission of the Church in which all Catholics have a role.
	Identify the Church as the beginning seed of the kingdom of God on earth.
uni	ECUMENISM: Understand and participate in the call of the Church to be a sign of ty in the world through knowledge of and collaboration with other Catholic (Eastern), Orthodox, I Christian churches.
	Explain that the Pope is the successor of the Apostle Peter and thus the leader of the
	Roman Catholic Church and a sign of our unity.
	Review how our friendship with other Christians means that we can both recognize wha
	we share in common but also be honest about how we differ.
	Identify where in the New Testament that Jesus prayed "that they all may be one" (Jn
	17:20-23) and recite that prayer.
	Understand that <u>Eastern Catholic Churches</u> in union with the Roman Catholic Church
	have their own church laws, ways to celebrate the liturgy and sacraments, and forms of
	prayer – all approved by and recognized by the Pope as different cultural expression of
	the same faith.



Parents' Guide to Grade 6 - Archdiocesan Religion Curriculum Guide

Standard 10 CATHOLIC PRINCIPLES AND RELATIONSHIPS: Apply Catholic principle	
to i	interpersonal relations.
	Identify one's self as being made in the image and likeness of God.
	Acknowledge that the Holy Spirit calls all people to conversion and faithfulness.
	Identify human <u>sexuality</u> as a gift from God that is expressed only in marriage of a man and woman for the good of the spouses and the procreation of children.
	Demonstrate understanding that Christian virtues of <u>purity of heart</u> and <u>chastity</u> help us
	to respect others.
	Recognize that the Church teaches the right use of God's gift of human sexuality.
Standard 11 VOCATION: Understand and undertake discipleship in Christ responding in faith by	
par	tricipating in the mission of the Church through living a specific call in the life of the Church.
	Outline how Christian discipleship is an essential part of being Catholic.
	Show understanding that a vocation is a call from God that each one receives based on
	God's plan for us and that we learn of his plan for us through prayer and listening to his call.
	Describe how both the vocations of Marriage and Holy Orders are important to the life of the Church.
	State that a man receives the sacrament of Holy Orders from the bishop who calls him to a life of service to the Church.
	Identify the promise of obedience to the bishop and the vow of celibacy as special to the
	life of the priesthood in the Catholic Church
	Describe the deacon as a special vocation of service for both married and unmarried
	men.
	Show understanding that God calls us to love and serve others in whatever vocation we
	live.
	Give examples of how Christians are to be missionaries, bringing the Good News to the ends of the Earth.

Key Element VI: Evangelization and Apostolic Life

- How we, as Individuals and Community, Live in Service to the World.

"Only if we are aware of our calling, as individuals and as a community, to be part of God's family as his sons and daughters, will we be able to generate a new vision and muster new energy in the service of a truly integral humanism. The greatest service to development, then, is a Christian humanism that enkindles charity and takes its lead from truth, accepting both as a lasting gift from God." (Benedict XVI, Caritas in Veritate, no. 78)

At-Home Ideas:

At this age, these are things you can do as a family to strengthen the teaching of **Evangelization** and **Apostolic Life** in your home: Children are learning to better articulate their faith. Ask your children good questions to help stimulate their thoughts. Ask them in simple ways to begin to integrate the faith life with their everyday life and examples of situations they may encounter with their family or friends. These questions help children see how faith impacts their life and equips them to share their faith in a normal and realistic manner.



Parents' Guide to Grade 6 - Archdiocesan Religion Curriculum Guide

Star	ndard 12 CATHOLIC SOCIAL TEACHING: Know critique and apply social justice and
stew	ardship principles to societal situations in a way that acknowledges and affirms the dignity of the
hum	an person and community.
	Explain what is meant by saying that our God is a God of Freedom.
	Understand that the way to the Reign of God is a way of justice and peace.
	Identify that sin can destroy God's good creation.
	INTER-RELIGIOUS DIALOGUE: Understand and participate in the call of the
	rch to be a sign of unity in the world through knowledge of and collaboration with Jews,
	lims, and all faith traditions.
	Identify Jewish holy days in the lunar calendar and how they are celebrated.
	Recognize that the Torah is divinely inspired and includes the first five books of the
	Christian Bible.
	State that to the Jewish people, whom God first chose to hear his Word, "belong the
	sonship, the glory, the covenants, the giving of the law, the worship and the promises; to
	them belong the patriarchs, and of their race, according to the flesh, is the Christ." (Rom
	9:4-5)
	Identify the Qur'an as the sacred scripture of the Muslim faith written in Arabic.
	Characterize Judaism, Christianity, and Islam as monotheistic religions.
Star	ndard 14 MISSIONARY VOCATION: Demonstrate an appreciation for Catholic missionary
	evangelization efforts through our Catholic faith community, its culture, worship, sacramental
	and service.
	Illustrate that individuals – as well as society and culture – are called to continual change
	and reform in light of the teaching of Jesus.
	Give an example of a cultural value that differs from the values of the Gospel and how
	you might defend the gospel value to those who may disagree.
-	Cite examples of how Jesus sent his disciples out to evangelize. (For example, see Mt
	28:19, Mk 16:15, Acts 1:8)
	State how the universal call to holiness is linked to the universal call to mission.
	Explain how we are called to foster world peace, human rights, sacredness of life and the
	alleviation of world hunger.
	Describe the church as a sign of unity and peace to the world.

The most important task of the catechesis of children is to provide, through the witness of adults, an environment in which young people can grow in faith. (NDC, no. 205)